## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

## INFORMATION REPORT

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

(Note: Washington Distribution Indicated By "X"; Field Distribution By "#".)

STATE

This Document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States, within the meaning of Title 18, Sections 793 and 794, of the U.S. Code, as amended. Its transmission or revelation of its contents to or receipt by an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. The reproduction of this form is prohibited.

SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

	SECURITY INFORMATION	ment to		25 <b>X</b> 1	
COUNTRY	Poland	REPORT			
SUBJECT	Tank Factory at Ozimek	DATE DISTR.	8 May 1953		
		NO. OF PAGES	2		
DATE OF IN	IFO.	REQUIREMENT NO.	RD		
PLACE ACQ	JIRED	REFERENCES		25 <b>X</b> 1	
	This is UNEVALUATED Information				
	THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPO THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)	TENTATIVE.		25X1	
1 1 2	A tank factory is located at Ozimek (Malaprailroad line to Lubliniec, about 20 kilom is a railroad station at Ozimek which, all of view of passenger traffic, is well fittith it has several large, strong loading platforcoduced pipes and tubes, but the Germans after the war the plant with all its build fell into the hands of the Soviets, who up sent all equipment to the Soviet Union, an	the ters east of Opole (though not very large and for loading and unforms. Prior to the wlater converted it in ings, installations, until 1946 took all d blew up some of the	(Oppeln). There is from the point alloading, since war, the factory ito tank productionand large stocks that they could, buildings.	ion.	
0 1 .r	Following Marshal Konstantin Rokossowski's arrival in Poland, but prior to late 1949, Poland began reconstructing the factory with the aid of machinery and equipment which the Soviet Union had sent back, and new machinery from Czechoslovakia and from Poland itself. The factory began partial operation in late 1950, but it was not until November 1951 that the entire factory began production; since that time, however, the factory has been operating at full capacity.				
G G	ince October or November 1951, the factor ay, each shift consisting of about 1,000 rom the many densely populated villages in	7 700	- A		
G	steel standard standard standard from the direction of Katowice, as we annows. The finished tanks are loaded onthipped either in the direction of Katowice	to flatcars, one to ea	as engines and	25X1	
4. A	little distance to the east of the factor alled Huta Andrzeja, is being rebuilt. Ab	y, a former German fo out 600 workers were	oundry, now employed in the	4	

Approved For Release 2009/02/27: CIA-RDP80-00810A001000540002-9

AEC

SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

as 2 as

reconstruction of the foundry, and, when it begins operation, it will employ about 1,500 workers. The foundry is being set up to manufacture the steel plates, and possibly even the cannons, required for the construction of the tanks. In March 1952, reconstruction of the foundry had not been completed.

- 5. About two kilometers east of the tank factory and the foundry there is a very large electric power plant, which supplies power and dighting for the foundry and the factory, as well as lighting for the surrounding area. Both the foundry and the power plant were completely pillaged by the Soviets after the war, but were later rebuilt.
- 6. At the time that this area was under German rule, it contained many large feudal estates. After the war, these were divided up by the Polish Government among peasants and workers, with the condition that the new owner of the land would not build any habitation on his parcel of land. All of these former German estates have now been turned into state sovkhozes (PGRs). As a result of the extremely unpleasant and difficult working conditions, the sovkhozes have a great shortage of young workers, because all young persons of both sexes have moved into the towns to work in industries; in this particular area, they have all obtained work at the new tank factory. At the PGRs there remain only old men and women, and young children up to about 14 or 15 years of age; this has caused the PGRs never to be able to complete work assigned to them, either at planting time or at harvest time. The management of the tank factory has appealed several times to factory employees to assist the PGR, stating that this is in the factory workers' own interest since they will then be able to obtain more bread and potatoes.

1.	Comment:	the factory employs 5,000 workers.	
	tl	le factory produces ammunition of various	25 <b>V</b> 1
	calibers, parts for weapons, as	nd parts for tanks rather than completed tanks.	20/(1